

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF BRITISH POSSESSIONS, 1889.—*Concluded.*

COUNTRIES.	Imports.	Value per Head.	Exports.	Value per Head.
	\$	\$ cts.	\$	\$ cts.
Sierra Leone	1,351,867	18 02	1,555,965	20 75
Gambia	685,314	48 43	815,648	57 64
Canada	115,224,931	22 70	89,189,167	17 57
Newfoundland	6,698,830	33 94	5,994,609	30 38
Bermudas	1,326,667	84 27	316,216	20 09
Honduras	1,265,766	46 11	1,464,277	53 34
British Guiana	8,778,381	31 12	12,026,506	42 64
Bahamas	854,178	17 80	635,158	13 23
Turk's Island	133,195	27 87	167,827	35 12
Jamaica	7,774,987	12 46	7,858,810	12 59
Windward Islands	8,119,089	23 67	7,549,397	22 01
Leeward "	2,087,784	17 23	3,356,792	27 71
Trinidad	10,190,468	51 95	11,236,315	57 28
New South Wales	111,266,877	99 15	113,368,678	101 02
Victoria	109,026,765	97 52	61,975,705	55 43
South Australia	33,114,995	102 05	35,328,910	108 87
Western "	3,981,551	91 12	3,705,436	84 80
Queensland	29,455,801	72 43	37,650,037	92 58
Tasmania	7,840,370	51 76	7,104,637	46 90
New Zealand	30,645,871	49 40	45,451,089	73 27
Fiji	921,712	7 35	1,772,838	14 13
Falkland Islands	271,151	140 78	565,029	293 37
Total	3,204,129,447	12 02	2,650,933,956	9 95

283. With the exception of the United Kingdom, India, New South Wales and the Straits Settlement, the aggregate trade of Canada is larger than that of any other British colony, though with the exception of the Straits Settlement and the Falkland Isles, in proportion to population the external trade of the Australasian colonies is far in advance of that of any other British possession. This large proportion per head would however be much reduced if federation of the colonies should take place, as in that case the intercolonial trade, which at present forms nearly 50 per cent. of their total external trade, would no longer be reckoned. *The value of diamonds ex-

Trade of
Canada
and other
Colonies
compared.

* At the time of going to press it was understood that federation was in a fair way to become an accomplished fact under the title of "The Commonwealth of Australia".